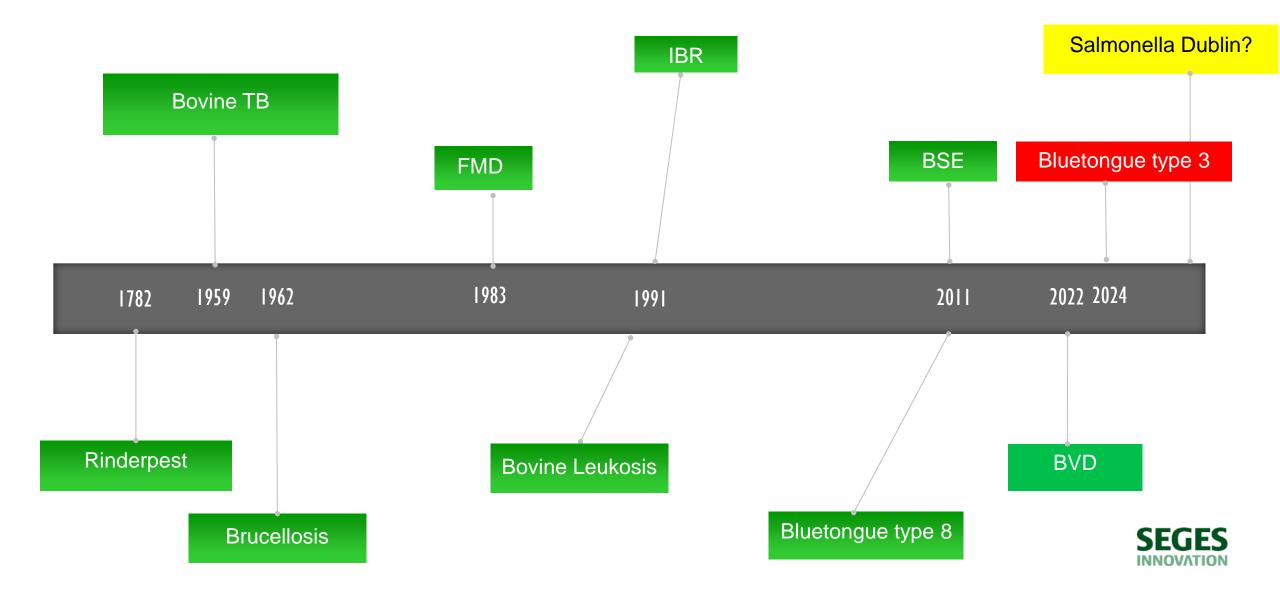


Enhancing Biosecurity on Danish Cattle Farms: SEGES' Approach through Education and Salmonella Control Projects

- Salmonella surveillance and eradication program different approach, development of tools (DMS)
- Biosecurity campaign "Grab the infection by the horns"
- Biosecurity related projects transportation, capture birds, biosecurity in relation to new barn construction, hygiene testing (calves)
- Information (short movies, podcast, social medias, newsletters, article etc)Presentations, teaching, training (veterinarians, agricultural schools – students and teacher, farmers, employee, advisor, stakeholders, players in agriculture, authorities)
- Case story from 2 weeks ago



Successful eradication programmes in the Danish cattle population



Surveillance programs in Danish cattle herds

Cattle diseases

Infectious Bovine Rhinotracheitis (IBR)

Bovine Virus Diarrea (BVD)

Salmonella Dublin

Streptococcus agalactia

Enzootic Bovine Leucosis (EBL)

Bovine Tuberculosis

BSE

Bluetongue

Bovine Brucellosis

Bulk tank milk, slaugther blood sample, abortion material Meat inspection Culled animals Trapment of midges Abortion material



http://www.myggetal.dk/

Eradications of infectious diseases in cattle in Denmark

Screening

Voluntary actions

Surveillance

Mandatory actions

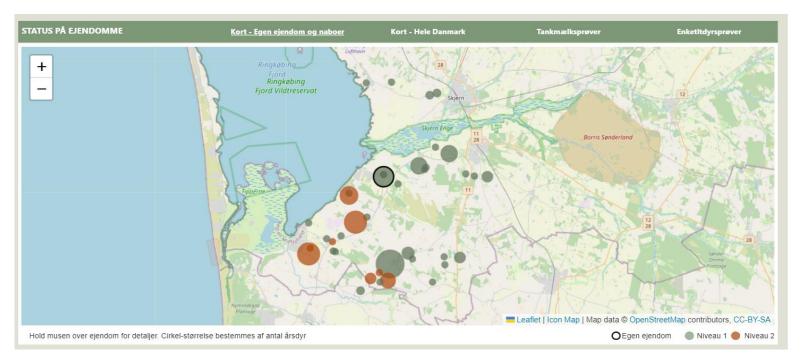
- Surveillance/eradication
- Governmental restrictions in positive herds



Continuously improvement of disease surveillance and veterinary contingency

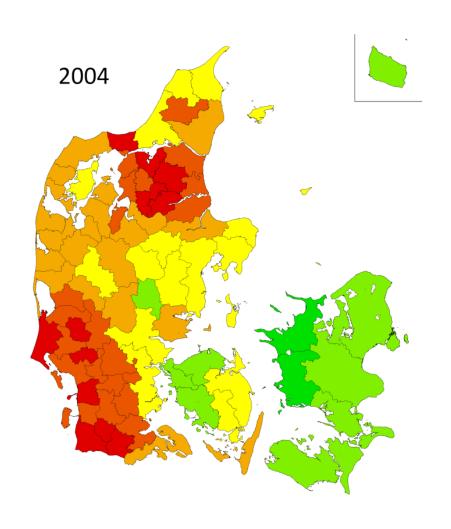
- Risk-based surveillance
- Risk assessment for disease introduction
- Identification and improvement of biosecurity measures at all levels

- Information about developing disease outbreak in foreign countries
- Information and Illustration of epizootic disease situation
- Etc.

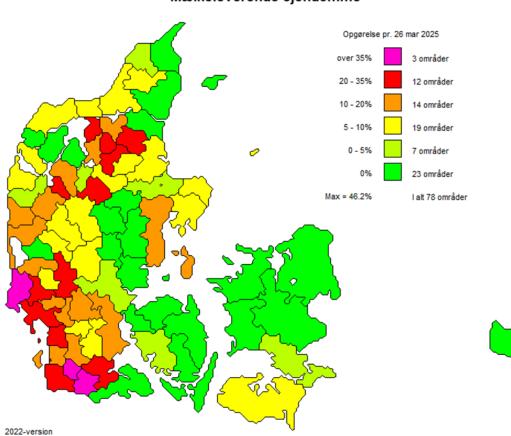




Development in dairy herds between 2004-2025







Development Salmonella Dairy Herds





Salmonella program













Genveje til

- WebdyrBestilling af øremær
- Søgning og upload Regler om CHR
- Fødevarestyrelsens

CHR kan du fremsøge e oplysninger om besætnin kreaturer. Desuden tilbyo en række selvbetjening

- Søge kreaturer
- Udskrive kvægpas Udskive sundhedsdo
- Finde ud af hvor æg

For kommuner er der en at udtrække en liste med : besætninger beliggende i d Surveillance program with public access

Movement restrictions

Mandatory eradications in infected herds - herdspecific systematic action-plans incl. Test strategies

Official restrictions in all test-positive herds



Surveillance - salmonella

Surveillance

Bulk tankmilk Herd Blood or milk sample, heifer rearing Individual Animal

Blood from slaughter Herd

Salmonella 4/yearly,

Salmonella 1 – 2/yearly

Salmonella 4/yearly,



Project - helping farmers with salmonella

- Farm visits 155 farms participating
 - Focus on biosecurity
 - Farmer knowledge
 - Motivation
 - Action-plan
- Follow-up
- Cooperation with herd-vet
- Other activities:
 - Slurry, biogas, testing





What happend at farmvisit?

Walk through stables – observe and ask

Risk assessment

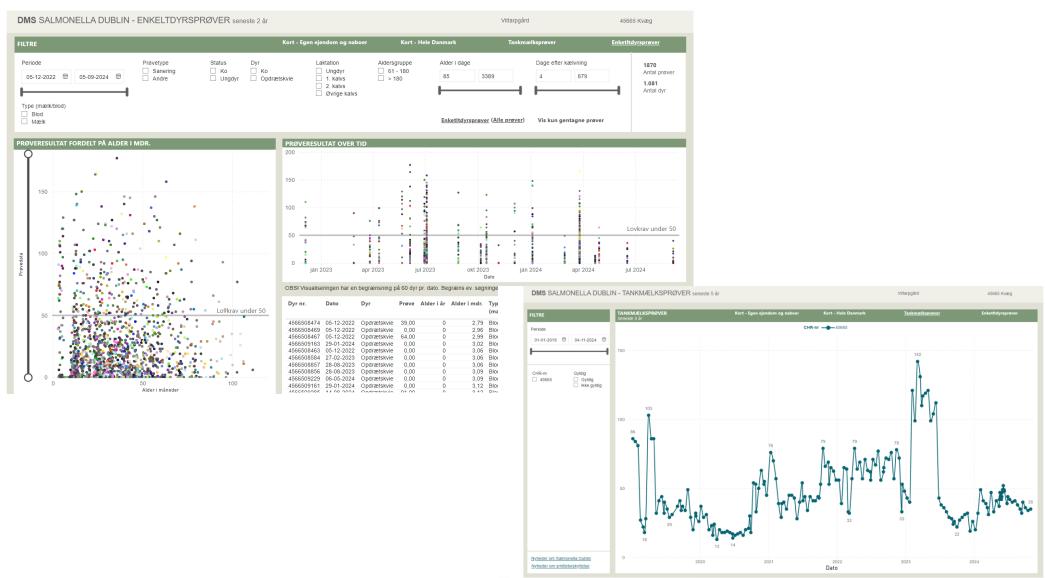
Understanding the farmer and his situation

Farmer knowledge and motivation

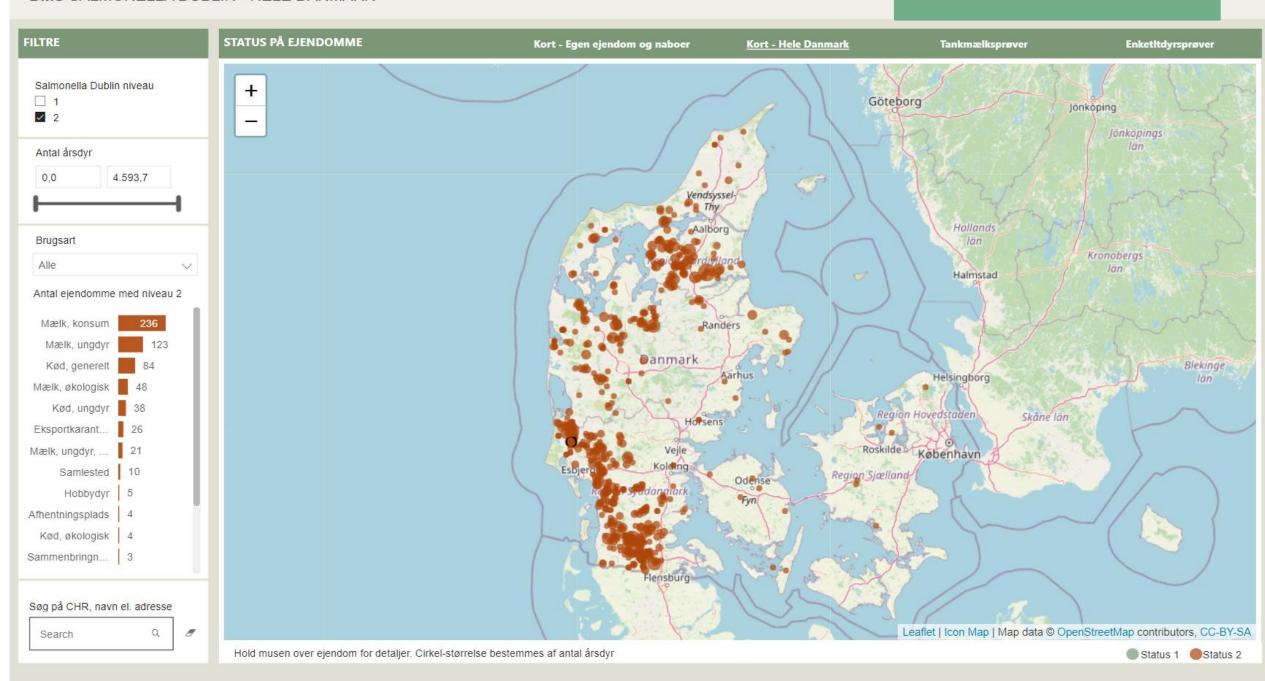
Making an actionplan



Test results – follow up – tools in DMS







													Smitterisiko	Besætningsstørrelse				
													Smittede naboer	1-100	100-200	200-300	300-500	500 +
													0	0,2%	0,4%	0,6%	0,6%	1,0%
			IMMUNISERING KALVE DOO								DODELIGHED		1	0,5%	0,9%	1,4%	1,4%	2,5%
		Leverandar	Leverede kalve	Super god	God (%)		Dárlig (%)	Antal mälte kalve	kalve (%)	Døde kalve 1-30 dg (%)	Døde kalve 1-180 dg (%)	ungdyr u. 24 mdr. (9 mdr.)	2-3 4-7	1,4% 4,0%	2,6% 7,1%	-	ŕ	6,7% 17,1%
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			99						4,1				1	3 02-01		- 0		
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			42 41						7,5 1.4				3	0 05-10 1 05-10				
			14						1,4	1,1	2,1	0.11	2 1		-2008 B	-		
			12										- 1	18-08				
			12						3,4	8,2	5,7	0.37	1	0 15-03				
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•	D	•	Høj ris	siko														SEGES INNOVATION
•	Е		Mege	t høj ris	iko													

Campaign "Grab the infection by the horns"

- Campaign concerning biosecurity
- Information, knowledge and awareness

Jeg bakker op om



Biosecurity Campaign

- Purpose of the campaign:
- Ensure good biosecurity in Danish cattle herds
- A cooperation of six different actors in Danish cattle farming: Viking (breeding company), L&F (Danish Agriculture & Food Council) SEGES Innovations (company working with farm innovation), DLBR (29 advisory Companies), DDD (the Danish Veterinary Association) and Calvex (producing Coloquix system)





Capturing and testing starlings

 Clarification of whether starlings pose a risk of transporting Salmonella Dublin between cattle herds and what options exist to keep them out of the barn



Results

- Nearly 400 birds caught and examined
- No salmonella found
- Starlings do not play a significant role in the spread of salmonella bacteria





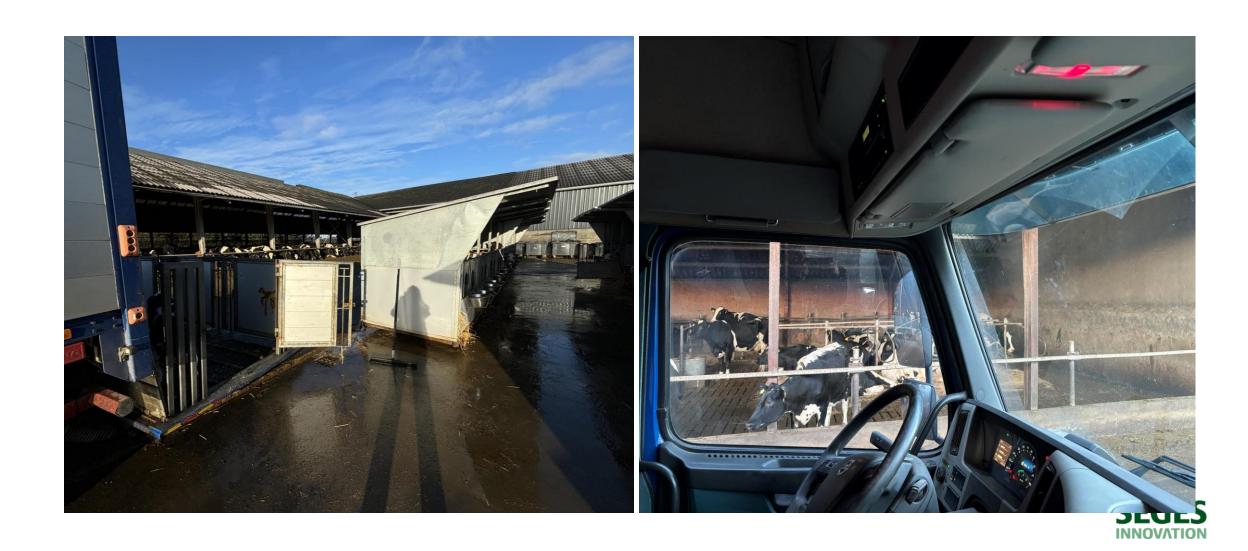
Transport – tires and contamination

- Transport both with animals and other transport
- Experiments with bacteria from pig herd – finding the bacteria after 5 km (on tires)
- We did investigate this on a smaller scale – presenting at EBC Nantes 2025
- https://www.seges.tv/video/1011841 18/smittebeskyttelse-ogtransportmp4





Transportation calves – field study



Transportation calves





Biosecurity in relation to new barn construction



Hygiene testing at the calfbarn



HygiCult

Bacterial count via milk samples

PRO-Clean - ATP snap test

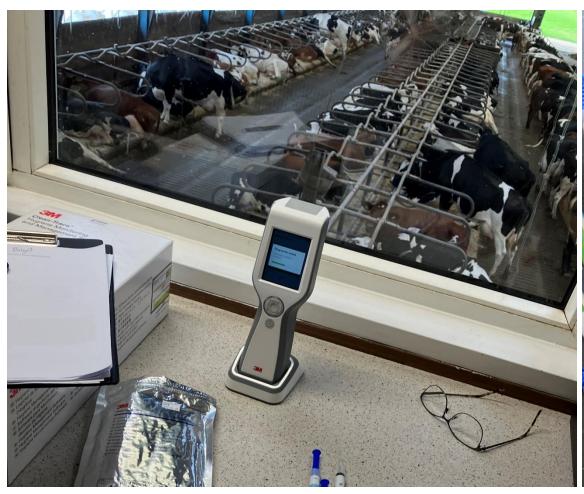
TBF 300 - Pink foam

ATP-measure

Upcomming: snaptest for colostrum and milk for calves

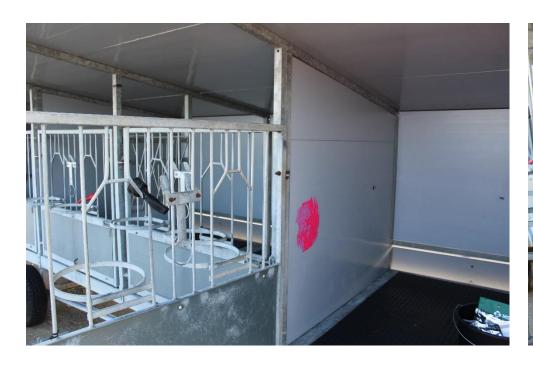


ATP testing





TBF 300





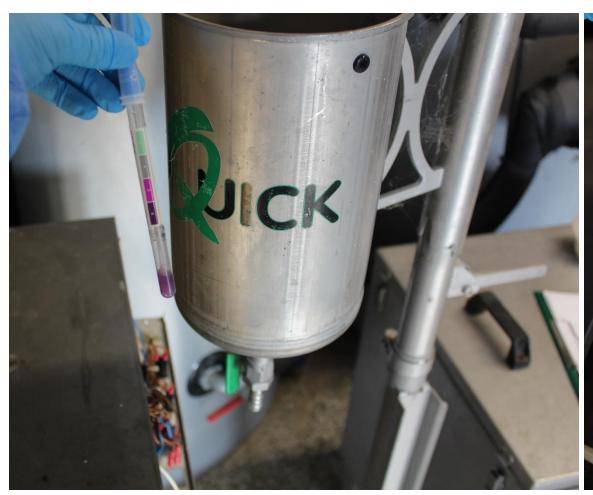


Equipment testing - colostrum





Equipment testing - colostrum

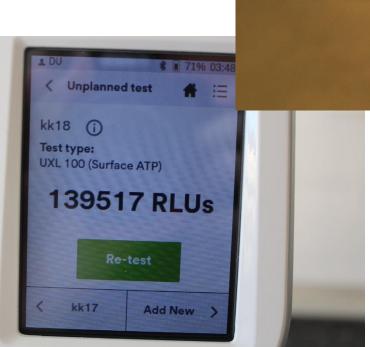




INNOVATION

Equipment testing







Informations





SEGES PODCAST

Din mark LIGE NU



KvægLyt nr. 9: Kimtal i mælketa og råmælk



Salmonella NYT

Nr. 5 I Marts 2025





ummet er stedet, hvor der er stor risiko

SEGESINNOVATION



Farmer field school - Salmonella



Calves – foreign employee









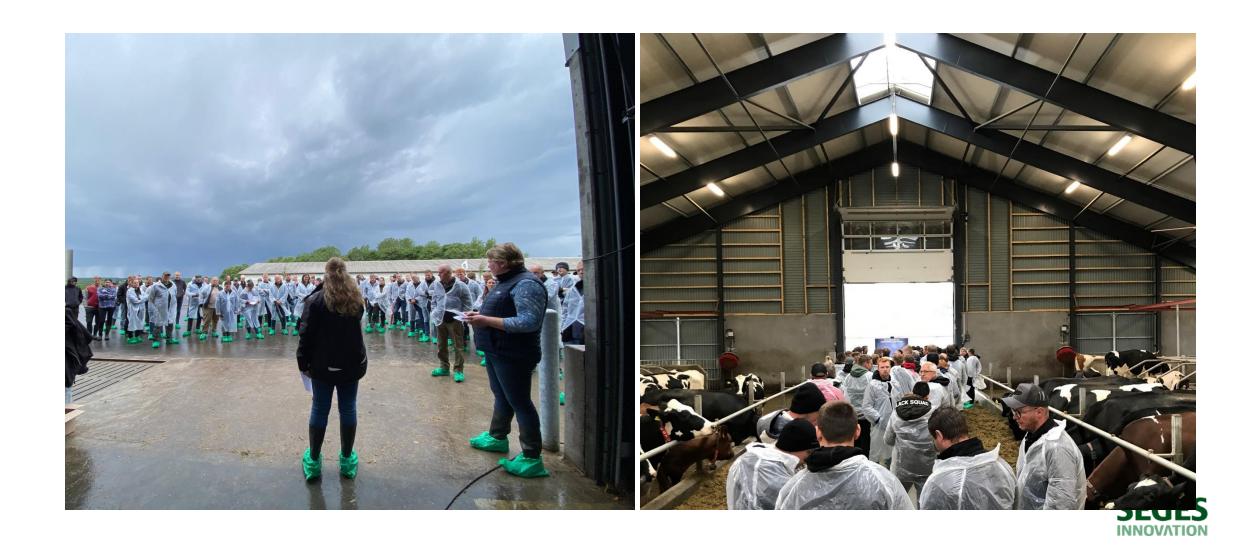


Practical training for agricultural school students and teachers





Roughage excursion – farmers and adviser



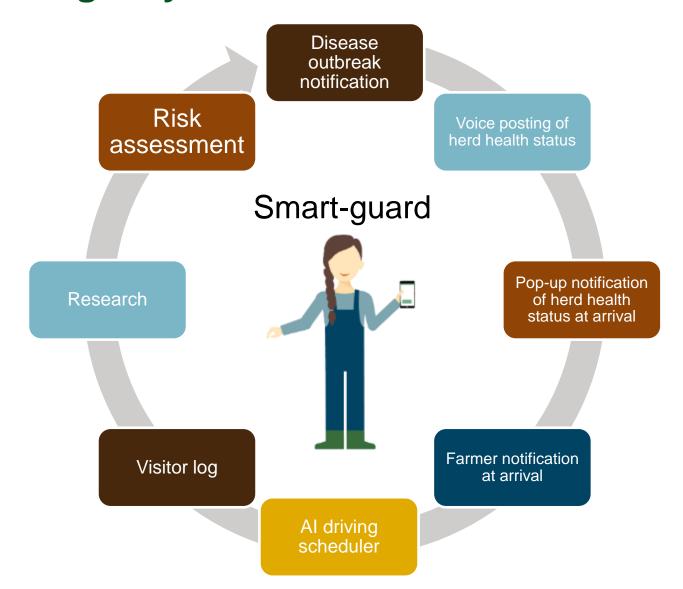
Thise - dairy experience group



Veterinary meetings



Continuously improvement of disease surveillance and veterinary contingency





Case – two weeks ago







Slides with pictures



Treatment and IgG

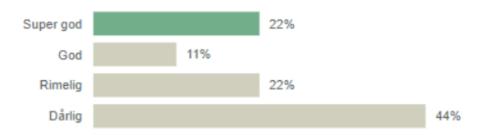
Antal sygdomsregistreringer

Hold musen over og se anbefalinger til at forebygge sygdommen





Andel kalve grupperet efter immunisering



Super god

Mindst 40% af kalvene bør ligge i denne gruppe.

Mindst 9,4 Serum Brix% eller mindst 62 Serum totalprotein (g/L).

God

Ca. 30% af kalvene bør ligge i denne gruppe. 8,9 - 9,3 Serum Brix% eller 58 - 61 Serum totalprotein (g/L).

Rimelig

Ca. 20% af kalvene ligge i denne gruppe. 8,1 - 8,8 Serum Brix% eller 51 - 58 Serum totalprotein (g/L).

S

Dårlig

Højst 10% af kalvene bør ligge i denne gruppe. Under 8,1 Serum Brix% eller under 51 Serum totalprotein (g/L).

Suggestions on what they can do?

Move Inventory Floor: wash with soap and apply slaked lime Colostrum management Cleaning facilities – pay attention to hygiene tests Use a lime sprayer instead of a broom Access through the calf barn – please wear footwear, gloves, and clothing in general Use of transition milk ONLY for the little ones

Thank you for your attention

